Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date prepared 1-May-2001 Date revised 16-May-2017

Applicable products

CHUKOH FLO® Spaghetti Tube(PFA)

1. Product and company identification

Product name

See the applicable products above.

Company name

CHUKOH CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.

Address

ATT New Tower 10F, 2-11-7, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Telephone

03-6230-4414/81-3-6230-4417

Fax

03-6230-4413/81-3-6230-4446

Recommended use and

restrictions on use

For industrial use

2. Hazards identification **GHS** Classification

Not applicable

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture

Substance

Chemical name or generic name	Concentration or concentration ranges	Chemical formula	Reference No. in gazetted list in Japan		- 10
			Chemical Substances Control Law	Industrial Safety and Health Act	CAS No.
Per Fluoro-Alkoxy alkane polymer (PFA)	100%	abridgement	6-944	6-944	26655-00-5

Impurities and stabilizing additives which contribute to the classification of the substance

No information available

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

If fumes from heating or burning are inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If molten polymer contacts skin, cool rapidly with cold water.

Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin.

Seek medical advice/attention if irritation occurs. Flush eyes cautiously with water for several minutes. Seek medical advice/attention if irritation persists.

Rinse mouth.

Seek medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire:

Water, foam, powder, etc.

Specific hazards

This product is hardly flammable.

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive, and/or toxic gas.

Specific fire-fighting procedures

Move product from fire area if you can do so without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance and use unmanned hose

holders or monitor nozzles.

Special protective equipment and precautions for

firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Firefighters should wear protection clothing and self-

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

procedures

Wear suitable protective equipment (see Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection) to prevent inhalation

and exposure of eyes or skin.

Environmental precautions

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid discharge to rivers and environmental effects. Break into small pieces. Collect if scatter. Dispose in

accordance with Section 13.

/. Handling and storage Handling		
	Technical measures	Install equipment in Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection. Wear protective equipment.
	Precautions for safe handling	Prohibit the use of heat, sparks, and fire in the surrounding area. Watch out for fire. Do not carry cigarettes, cigars or tobaccos and do not smoke in the workplace as decomposition gas may be inhaled by smoking if the substance contacts them. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion. Avoid breathing dust/fume. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
		Do not use and heat this products over 260°C. If there is a risk of above, good ventilation is necessary an also local exhaust equipment is to be installed.
	Avoidance of contact	See Section 10, Stability and reactivity.
	Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Storage	Conditions for safe storage	Stable at normal storage conditions. Storage at or below 25°C and 60% RH is preferred. Keep away from oxidizing agents.
	Safe containers and packaging materials	No restriction for packaging materials. Use containers which will not be broken.
Exposure controls/personal prote	ection	
Allowable concentration		Not set
Engineering measures		In a process to heat over 260°C, good ventilation is necessary and also local exhaust equipment is to be installed.
Protective equipment	Respiratory protection	Wear appropriate respiratory protection if ventilation is no enough.
	Hand protection	Wear appropriate gloves.
	Eye protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses.
	Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective clothing.
Physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Physical state	Solid
	Form Color	Tubular Translucent White
Odor	COIO	Odorless
Odor threshold		Not available
pH		Not available
Melting point/freezing point		280-310°C
Boiling point, initial boiling point,		Not available
Flash point		Not available
Evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)		Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not available
Flammable/explosive limit	Lower	Not available
	Upper	Not available
Vapor pressure		Not available
Vapor density (Air=1)		Not available
Specific gravity (density)		2.12-2.17g/cm3
Solubility		Not available
Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water)		Not available
Autoignition temperature		Not available
Decomposition temperature		Not available
Viscosity		Not available
). Stability and reactivity Reactivity		Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions

Reactivity

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Begins to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 260°C. Thermal decomposition is more rapid at temperatures above 400°C.

Chemical stability

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions. May react with metal powders such as aluminum and

magnesium or with fluorine compounds such as fluorine and

chlorine trifluoride, and cause fire and explosion.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reaction or polymerization generating excessive

pressure/heat will not occur.

Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Metal powders such as aluminum and magnesium or fluorine

> compounds such as fluorine and chlorine trifluoride. Thermal decomposition of this product may evolve the

following decomposition products at the following temperatures: Carbonyl fluoride and hydrogen fluoride (above 400°C). Tetrafluoroethylene (above 430°C). Hexafluoropropylene (above 440°C). Perfluoroisobutylene

(above 475°C),

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral

LD50 in rat: 11,000mg/kg

Dermal Not available Inhalation (vapor) Not available Inhalation (dust)

Not available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available

Not available

Serious eve damage/eve irritation

Hazardous decomposition products

I feel a foreign body and irritate the mucosa.

Respiratory sensitization Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available Not available Not available Not available

Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available Not available Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Aspiration hazard

Others

Effects on humans

Inhalation of fumes from burning may produce polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like condition with fever, chills and

cough.

This may last for a whole day and night.

Skin absorption will not occur. There are no reports of

sensitization.

Effects of hydrogen

fluoride

Inhalation of low concentrations of hydrogen fluoride can initially include symptoms of choking, coughing, and severe eye, nose, and throat irritation, fever, chills for one to two days, followed by difficulty in breathing, cyanosis, and

pulmonary edema.

Overexposure to hydrogen fluoride can injure the liver and

kidneys.

Effects of carbonyl

fluoride

Skin: Irritation with discomfort or rash

Eye: Corrosion with corneal or conjunctival ulceration

Upper respiratory passage: Irritation

Lung: Temporary irritation effects with cough, discomfort,

difficulty in breathing, or shortness of breath

12. Ecological information

Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Hazardous to the aquatic environment (long-term) Not available

Not available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Does not contain any substances that deplete the ozone layer listed in Annexes to the Montreal Protocol.

13. Disposal considerations Waste from residues

Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and standards of local governments.

Entrust the disposal to a licensed waste disposal contractor

or a local public body who conducts the disposal.

When entrusting the disposal to a disposal contractor, notify the danger and toxicity thoroughly to the contractor.

Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and standards of local governments.

14. Transport information		
International regulations	Regulatory Information by Sea	Not dangerous goods
	Regulatory Information by Air	Not dangerous goods
Domestic regulations (Japan)	Land transport regulations	Not applicable
	Marine transport	Not dangerous goods
	Air transport regulations	Not dangerous goods
Special safety measures		Confirm that there is no damage, corrosion, or leakage of the containers before transportation.
	·	Avoid direct sunlight at transportation. Load containers not to cause damage, corrosion or leakage and thoroughly prevent load collapse.
		Do not stack heavy objects.
Emergency Response Guidebook No.		None
15. Regulatory information		
15. Regulatory information		None applicable
15. Regulatory information 16. Other information		
		None applicable Hazard statements herein are made based on the assumption of industrial use and general handling. Handle with care at the actual use by referring to the hazard statements herein.
	Restrictions on use	Hazard statements herein are made based on the assumption of industrial use and general handling. Handle with care at the actual use by referring to the hazard

The information herein may be revised if any new findings are obtained.

Values of concentration and physical and chemical properties are not guaranteed values.

Hazards identification was prepared based on the documents, information and data available at the time of preparation, but it does not mean that all documents, information and data are covered.